

Aesthetic,
Performance, and
Maintenance free
design



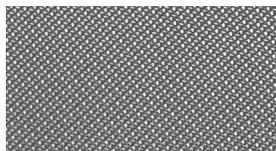
CHROMAVISION™

Pulp Studio's Chromavision™ was created with both functionality and aesthetics in mind. Its futuristic composition lends characteristics that are both appealing to the eye and efficient in its performance.

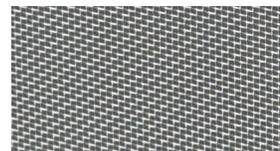
Chromavision™ utilizes high precision fabrics as a substrate for its unique metallic coating. When applied to just one side of the fiber mesh, the metallic coating displays a lustrous reflective look.

Additionally the reflective nature of the coating has a significant influence on thermal conductivity to the opposite side of the glass. The reverse side of the fabric is neutral in color and provides the feel of a pleasantly shaded room with one-way vision to the exterior.

AVAILABLE IN THREE STYLES



Ref# 2150

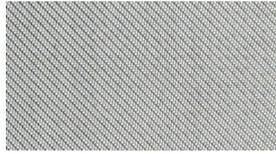


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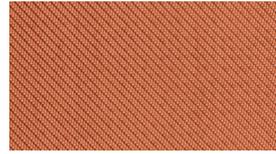


Ref# 2161

AVAILABLE FINISHES



Aluminum



Copper



Brass



Back Side

Mesh Options

» Chromavision is available in 3 colors: Aluminum, Copper, and Brass

Glass Lite Facing Options

» Laminated (5/16", 7/16" and 9/16")

Panel Dimensions

» Units are produced to specified dimensions per project

» Maximum dimensions: 60" X 172"

Functional Characteristics

The use of Chromavision results in a significant reduction in light and heat transmission. Below are measurements of Chromavision's light transmission and derived energy transmission information.

| 2150 | 2150 Aluminum | 2151 Copper | 2152 Brass |
|---------------------------|---------------|-------------|------------|
| g-value (%) | 28.7 | 31.2 | 33.3 |
| Light transmission Tv (%) | 21.7 | 20.0 | 19.9 |

| 2155 | 2155ALU | 2155COP | 2155BRS |
|---------------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| g-value (%) | 53.9 | 52.4 | 54.5 |
| Light transmission Tv (%) | 49.9 | 46.2 | 48.7 |

| 2161 | 2161ALU | 2161COP | 2161BRS |
|---------------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| g-value (%) | 32.8 | 33.8 | 35.2 |
| Light transmission Tv (%) | 19.7 | 19 | 18.6 |

G-value equates to how much energy from sunlight reaches the interior of a room via the glazing. The higher the g-value, the higher the passive solar gain.

The lower the value, the better the protection provided against strong sunlight. The g-value is derived from two factors: direct sunlight transmission and secondary heat dissipation.

